Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs Tables updated June 2024

11. Broiler breeder laying (parent)

All valuations expressed in pence per bird

Age (weeks)	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Valuation	1621	1677	1734	1792	1850	1912	1978
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Age	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Valuation	1926	1875	1824	1773	1722	1671	1620

Age	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Valuation	1569	1518	1467	1415	1364	1313	1262

Age	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
Valuation	1211	1160	1109	1058	1007	956	904

Age	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
Valuation	853	802	751	700	649	598	547

Age	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Valuation	496	445	393	342	291	240	189

Broiler breeder flocks contain white-feathered birds, with the females significantly outnumbering the males (>90%). For valuation purposes, the total number of birds eligible should be used to calculate the total compensation, irrespective of whether they are males or females.

This table is <u>not</u> intended to provide valuations for slow-growing strains of broiler breeder rearing birds. In addition to checking the delivery ticket, slow-growing flocks can be identified visually by looking at the hens which will look similar to a laying hen rather than a broiler strain.

Male broiler breeders can be aggressive, so care should be taken and valuers should be adequately protected against potential injury - e.g hard hat and eye protection.

For ages that do not exactly match the weekly increments shown in the table the corresponding pro-rata figure should be calculated.