** Department of Agriculture Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA)**

**OWNER'S DECLARATION**

**EXPORT OF CAPTIVE BIRDS TO EU MEMBER STATES**

**REF CERTIFICATE NO. INTRA.XI\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Name)

Of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Address)

As owner\*/exporter\*/manager\* of the Captive Birds of species \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Name  | Address | \*Establishment Registration number OR | \*Confined Establishment Approval number |
|  |  |  |  |

To be certified for export on the above certificate

To\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ declare that:

 (Country) (Date)

(At \* below delete if not applicable)

1. The captive bird/s have been continuously resident in the establishment of origin since hatching or for at least the last 21 days prior to departure of the consignment.
2. The captive birds come from a \*registered / \*confined establishment which is not subject to movement restrictions or in a restricted zone in place because of occurrence of disease listed for avian species.

Listed diseases in Article 5 & Annex II in <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32016R0429>

1. The captive birds come from an establishment where there were no abnormal mortalities with an undetermined cause.
2. The captive birds
	1. **\***Have not been vaccinated against Newcastle Disease or
	2. **\***Have been vaccinated against Newcastle Disease using

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (date)

**(name and type (live or inactivated) of Newcastle disease virus strain used in vaccine(s))**

At the age of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_weeks

\*Live attenuated vaccines comply with the criteria of Annex VI to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, that is, they were authorized in GB, NI or EU.

If other, describe here: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

If inactivated vaccine was used, delete this last paragraph..

1. \*If moving captive birds of galliformes species to a listed country you need to fulfil the requirements below.

 For species other than galliformes and/or if moving to an unlisted country, delete all of 5.

(For listed countries, see ANNEX **X**IN Implementing Reg. (EU) 2021/620: https://eur- lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32021R0620&from=EN)

The captive birds

1. Have not been vaccinated against Newcastle Disease
2. Were kept in isolation for at least 14 days prior to departure of the consignment either \*in the establishment of origin under the supervision of an official veterinarian or

 \* in an approved quarantine establishment where:

1. No bird was vaccinated against infection with Newcastle disease virus during the period of at least 21 days prior to departure and
2. No other birds have entered into the establishment during that time and
3. No vaccination has been carried out in the quarantine establishment.
4. Have tested negative to serological tests to detect antibodies against Newcastle disease virus, performed on blood samples at a level which gives 95% confidence of detecting infection at 5% prevalence and which were taken during the period of at least 14 days prior to departure.

 For serology a separate sample from each bird must be individually tested.

Guide to samples required for 95% confidence of detecting infection at 5% prevalence below:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of birds in flock** | **Number of samples to be taken and submitted individually**  |
| up to 2020-2930-3940-4950-5960-8990-199200-499500 or more | all2025303540505560 |

1. (Delete all of 6 if not Psittacidae)
2. The captive birds are Psittacidae and have been individually identified according to Article 76 in Reg (EU) 2019 with

\*Either

1. a leg ring attached at least to one leg of the bird with a visible, legible and indelible display of the identification code of the bird;

\*or

1. an injectable transponder with legible and indelible display of the identification code of the bird; its reading device is available for the official veterinarian to verify the unique codes;

\*or

1. a tattoo applied to the bird with a visible and indelible display of the identification code of the bird.
2. The Psittacidae come from an establishment on which

\* **Either** avian chlamydiosis has not been confirmed for a period of at least 6 months prior to departure of the consignment

\* **Or** avian chlamydiosis has been confirmed during the last 6 months prior to departure of the consignment but not during the last 60 days and the following was carried out:

 (i) Infected birds and birds likely to be infected have received treatment;

(ii) Following the completion of the treatment, they were tested and found negative to laboratory testing for avian chlamydiosis; laboratory reports are available.

(iii) After the completion of the treatment, the establishment has been cleaned and disinfected;

(iv) At least 60 days have elapsed from the completion of the cleaning and disinfection referred to in point (iii).

1. \*The Psittacidae have not been in contact with captive birds from establishments on which avian chlamydiosis has been diagnosed during the last 60 days prior to departure

Or

\*The Psittacidae have been in contact with captive birds from establishments on which avian chlamydiosis has been diagnosed during the last 60 days prior to departure. They were tested at least 14 days after contact ended and found negative to laboratory tests for avian chlamydiosis.

1. Delete all of (7) if the captive birds have not been imported to NI from a third country or territory. If imported from a third country, the following must be confirmed:

\*The captive birds described above have entered the Union from a third country or territory or zone and have been quarantined in the approved quarantine establishment of destination in the Union in accordance with the provisions of Section 2 Chapter 3 Title 3 Part II of Reg EU 2020/692, link to Reg (EU) 2020/692:

<https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32020R0692&from=EN>

That is,

1. The captive birds were quarantined for a period of at least 30 days from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(Dates beginning of quarantine to end of quarantine)

(b) Where sentinel birds were used for examination, sampling and testing procedures, the following occurred:

* 1. A minimum number of 10 sentinel birds were used in each unit of the quarantine establishment and
	2. They were at least 3 weeks old and used only once for those purposes and
	3. They are \*either leg-banded for identification purposes \*or identified with another non-removable means of identification, namely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	4. They are unvaccinated. They were sero-negative for highly pathogenic avian influenza and infection with Newcastle disease virus within a period of 14 days before the start of quarantine and
	5. They were placed in the approved quarantine establishment before the arrival of the captive birds in the common air space and as close as possible to the captive birds so that close contact between the sentinel birds and the excrements of the captive birds in quarantine is ensured and
	6. The captive birds were released from quarantine on the written authorisation of an official veterinarian, the release document is attached.
	7. The competent authority has inspected the conditions of quarantine of the captive birds,

at least at the beginning and the end of quarantine period, and the birds were tested for highly pathogenic avian influenza and infection with Newcastle disease virus, in accordance with the examination, sampling and testing procedures set out in Annex XX in the above legislation. That is to say that:

(1) During quarantine either the sentinel birds, or if sentinel birds are not used, the captive birds, underwent the following procedures:

1. \*Cases involving the use of sentinel birds (delete all of (a) if sentinel birds were not used):

(i) Blood samples for serological examination were taken on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from all sentinel birds. This was within a period of not less than 21 days after the date of entry into quarantine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(entry date) and at least 3 days before the date of the end of quarantine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(date of end of quarantine);

(ii) Where sentinel birds showed positive or inconclusive serological results for the samples referred to in point (i):

— The imported birds underwent a virological examination, lab reports attached.

— Cloacal swabs (or faeces) and tracheal or oropharyngeal swabs were taken from \*at least 60 birds, **or** \*from all birds if the consignment is less than 60 birds, lab report attached.

1. \*Cases not involving the use of sentinel birds (delete all of (b) if sentinel birds were used):

— Imported birds must be examined virologically (i.e. serological testing is not appropriate), lab report attached.

— Tracheal or oropharyngeal or cloacal swabs (or faeces) must be taken from at least 60 birds, or from all birds if the consignment is less than 60 birds, during the period of the first 7 to 15 days of the quarantine, lab report attached.

* + 1. This relates to illness or death for birds (captive and if used, sentinel also) arriving to quarantine or during quarantine.

(a) \*There were clinically ill birds or ill sentinel birds

(b) \*There were dead sentinel birds and/or dead on arrival in quarantine birds and/or birds that died during quarantine.

(c) \*There was high mortality in large consignments made of small birds.

If none of the above at (a), (b) or (c) were applicable, all of point (2) including testing requirements below may be deleted.

If any are applicable, I confirm that the following testing was carried out:

In addition to the testing set out in point (1), the following samples were taken for virological examination:

1. Cloacal swabs (or faeces) (select which one) and tracheal or oropharyngeal swabs (select which one), if possible, from clinically ill birds or ill sentinel birds;

(b) From the intestinal contents, brain, trachea, lungs, liver, spleen, kidneys and other obviously affected organs as soon as possible following death, from:

(i) Dead sentinel birds and all birds dead on arrival in quarantine and those which died during quarantine; or

(ii) In the case of high mortality in large consignments made of small birds, from at least 10 % of the dead birds.

(For virological examination, pooling of samples up to a maximum of five samples of individual birds in one pool is allowed).

Faecal material was pooled separately from other organ and tissue samples

Lab reports attached.

1. I undertake to notify the Certifying Authorised Private Veterinary Practitioner (aPVP) if any evidence of contagious disease develops in any birds on the establishment after the clinical examination is carried out by the aPVP within 48 hours before departure of the consignment of captive birds.

Signed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\* Delete whichever does not apply