Managing Catchments to Improve Coastal Waters



Claire Vincent, Marine and Fisheries Division Greenmount, 25 November, 2017



Introduction



- Marine and Fisheries Division Who are we?
- Draft Programme for Government
- Coastal Waters Where are we failing?
- What are we doing about it?
 - Generally
 - 3 short case studies
 - Ballyholme
 - Dundrum Bay
 - Inner Belfast Lough
- Key messages future challenges.





Draft Programme for Government Our purpose – Improving well-being for all – by tackling disadvantage and driving economic growth.



DAERA Vision - "A thriving and sustainable economy, environment and rural community"



Strategic Outcomes

To work with stakeholders and partners to:

- develop sustainable agricultural, fisheries and industrial sectors (Goal 1);
- protect and improve the environment (Goal 2); and
- champion rural needs (Goal 3).

PfG Indicator 44. Levels of soluble reactive phosphorus in our rivers and level of dissolved inorganic nitrogen in our marine waters.





What are we doing to improve coastal water quality (general).....

Working with NIW Agriculture INTERREG



Regulating Northern Ireland Water – bathing waters

Bangor – £11.6M

• Sewerage infrastructure - to complete 2018

Millisle - £1.4M

• Sewerage system upgrade – to complete 2018

Newcastle - £17M

• Sewerage network and wastewater treatment facilities

Magilligan/Benone - £8M

 Sewerage network and wastewater treatment facilities Circa £1.5M-£2M further investment involving the upgrade of the Benone vacuum network

Improving sewer mapping GIS

CSO Monitoring at bathing and shellfish waters





Managing water quality - agriculture

Environmental Farming Scheme

- Opened 28 February 2017
- Closed 31 March 2017
- Over 1300 applications
- 1187 accepted
- Over 650 applications for water quality measures covering over 500 kms of protection e.g.
 - riparian zones
 - buffer strips
 - fencing
- Grants of up to £2.85M
- Linked to WFD/Bathing Water problem areas.







Departmental involvement in other INTERREG projects:

- SWIM
- SWELL





UISCE

WATER

Special EU Programmes Body Foras Um Chláir Speisialta An AE Boord O Owre Ocht UE Projecks



INTERREG VA Programme – Objective 2.3

"Improve water quality in transitional waters"





- Cross-border partnership NI Water, Irish Water, AFBI, Loughs Agency and East Border Region.
- Improve water quality within the shared waters of Carlingford Lough and Lough Foyle.







Continued:

Network of oceanographic monitoring buoys across the regional seas of the Republic of Ireland, Northern Ireland and West Scotland

- Mammals
- Salmon
- Eels



COLLABORATIVE OCEANOGRAPHY AND MONITORING FOR PROTECTED AREAS AND SPECIES



Managing in Catchments

Ballyholme Bathing Water Dundrum Bay Shellfish Water Inner Belfast Lough Sensitive Area



Managing our Bathing Waters Ballyholme



20 samples per site per season
1st June to 15th September
Faecal indicator bacteria –
E. coli & intestinal enterococci
Sites are classified as
Excellent
Good
Sufficient
Poor



www.daera-ni.gov.uk

Provisional Compliance for Northern Irelands Identified Bathing Waters

BATHING WATER	2015	2016	2017	
Magilligan (Benone)				
Magilligan (Downhill)				
Castlerock				
Portstewart				Encollort
Portrush (Mill) West				Excellent
Portrush (Curran) East				Good
Portrush (Whiterocks)				
Portballintrae				Sufficient
Ballycastle				Poor
Waterfoot				
Carnlough				
Ballygally		Revente	/ #X 37/3#	general Creating
Brown's Bay		Cobra I	latray	An Island Archivert Bingboy Point
Helen's Bay		The Deriver	ACCONDAN	Rivetury Cloughey
Crawfordsburn		TIX VIN	A B Marten	Bathing Water
Ballyholme		Lalorder 571	A singer	145125
Groomsport		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A DESCONDER T	Charles Mill
Millisle		TEN THE HEROS	sare - a Pla	
Ballywalter		Kiman A	Course No. Jakapon in	Terry Map L
Tyrella		A TAN	in the second	San All Charles
Murlough Co Down		Constantion of the state	A mar	
Newcastle		Annacioy	Rehoto	23 / P P ()
Cranfield (Cranfield Bay)		Loughneised	Not Land 13	A A CALL AT THE
Department of Agricultur and Rura	re, Environme Affairs	Le la	DOWNPATRICK	Kilclief Candidate Bathing Water Nave Bathing Water Ballyh ornan Candidate Bathing Water

www.daera-ni.gov.uk

Ballyholme - Catchment Investigation

	2017	2016	2015
Ballyholme			

M&FD, NIEA & NIW investigating

- Agriculture, domestic and industrial inputs
- Microbial source tracking throughout catchment
- Tracing of waterways/culverts
- Advisory / regulatory follow up work with farms, business, NIW
- £11.6M NIW upgrades to sewerage infrastructure





Findings

2017 Bathing water sample results at Ballyholme

	Excellent	Good	Sufficient	Poor
Ballyholme	16	2	1	1

- Complex catchment of
 - Upper catchment agricultural inputs,
 - Lower catchment urbanised and industrial.
- Elevated counts repeatedly at Silverbirch and Briarwood areas, determined through MST methods due to human pollution sources.
- Land use composition within the catchment suggest agricultural practices also contribute to short term pollution at Ballyholme beach.

Better Beaches Forum - DAERA-led

 Partners are – councils, National Trust, community groups, KNIB, NIW

Outcomes are

- Improving water quality
- Improving beach cleanliness, facilities management and signage
- Keeping the public and media better informed
- Thereby supporting the coastal economy





Better Beaches Forum Action cont.

- Accessibility at CC&G Beaches
- Clean Coasts Week
- NIW infrastructure upgrades





 KNIB – 2016/17 Campaign focusing on public access to beach information, beach awards and marine litter

	_				north	nern ire
	KEEP NORTHERN IRELAND					wa
	BI	EAUTIFUL	2013	2014	2015	2016
A LA		Groups	200	208	210	214
		Volunteers	4,044	4,108	4,610	4642
		Bags lifted	3,217	4,602	4,807	29,479*
		Events	102	173	251	349



Managing Inner Dundrum Bay





www.daera-ni.gov.uk

The issues to address.

Lies within the South Down catchment area of the North Eastern River Basin District and covers an area of approximately 500km2.

Failing in:

- WFD classification and associated freshwater inputs.
- Shellfish Water Protected Area (SWPA).
- Sensitive area under the UWWTD
 - Trophic status (IIAa)
 - Shellfish Water (IIAc)
- The wastewater treatment works (WWTW) at Dundrum overloaded.
- Significant agricultural inputs

Dundrum Bay Inner with key inputs and monitoring.



Inner Dundrum Bay Priority Catchment Working Group.

Aim of Group:

- Address, manage the catchment issues and
- pilot a mechanism to address better linkage with teams within DAERA.



Chaired by the Marine Strategy team with representatives from:

- Marine & Fisheries
 WADE Division
- Catchment Officer
 NIW & their
- Water Quality Inspectors
- Water Quality Planner

- Water Regulation
 - consultants

Management measures and Outputs.

Deliver **environmental outcomes** i.e. the water quality objectives in the river basin management plans:

- Reduce nutrients and thereby improve trophic status;
- Reduce bacteria to move towards Class B / A shellfishery.

We will deliver this by:

- Understanding better all catchment issues NIW catchment monitoring and modelling
- Improving the catchment approach across EMFG and wider
- Enforcement notices with NIW on Dundrum sewerage infrastructure & WwTW
- Group scheme or equivalent through Environment Farming Scheme???

The outputs of the work will be:

- A revised Pollution Reduction Programme for Inner Dundrum Bay SWPA.
- Concise updates to all relevant parties.

Inner Belfast Lough

Failing in:

- WFD classification and associated freshwater inputs.
- Shellfish Water Protected Area (SWPA).
- Sensitive area under the UWWTD
- Trophic status (IIAa)
- Shellfish Water
 (IIAc)





www.daera-ni.gov.uk



To develop a Strategic Drainage Infrastructure Plan for Belfast to protect against flood risk, enhance the environment and support economic growth.

	Risk / Issue	Objectives
1	Flooding	Reduce the risk (Protect)
2	Compliance with Environmental Legislation (UWWTD & WFD)	Comply (Enhance)
3	Constraint to economic development due to lack of drainage & wastewater treatment capacity	Enable growth (Grow)
4	Assets require essential maintenance	Maintain
5	Climate Change	Adapt







Implementation Cost: Initial View £860m*



🔳 a) NI Water

- b) Dfl Rivers (includes for Belfast Tidal Flood Project)
- c) Dfl Roads road drainage improvements
- d) Private Drainage Infrastructure (will be spent by NI Water, DfI Rivers, DfI Roads)
- e) NIEA (catchment diffused pollution reduction measures)
- f) Amenity related improvements to scope of drainage works

(*nominal terms)





Key messages

- Managing coastal waters is usually a mix of complex catchment issues
- In all cases, this requires partnership working
- Particularly in times of public service cut-backs
- Challenges climate change, heavy summer rainfall events impacting bathing and shellfish waters
- Increasing need to manage water quality and quantity issues together
- DAERA invested heavily in time spent specifying departmental needs and is now benefitting considerably through the INTERREG programme.



